

HOW TO BEE - SUMMER 2021

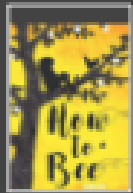


Why are we learning this?

We are learning the important role that bees play in the life cycle of plant life and why it is important to protect them.

Book Focus

How to Bee by Bren MacDibble



Peony lives with her sister and grandfather on a fruit farm outside the city. In a world where real bees are extinct, the quickest, bravest kids climb the fruit trees and pollinate the flowers by hand.

KEY VOCABULARY

Pollination - the transfer of pollen from flower to flower that allows fertilization.

Nectar - a sugary fluid found in flowers

Honey - a sweet, sticky substance made by bees from nectar.

Pollen - a fine powdery substance found in flowers.

Colony - a community of bees living close together in one hive.

KEY FACTS

- Bees are the only insects that produce food eaten by humans.
- Bees are flying insects. Insects have six legs.
- Bee's wings beat 200 times per second.
- Bees can be found on every continent except Antarctica.
- Bees have been around for more than 30 million years.
- A bees body has 3 main sections - the head, thorax and abdomen.
- Bees have two antennae that they can use to taste and smell. They keep these clean using special notches in their two front legs.

